

STANDARD OPERATING PROCEDURE DOCUMENT (SOP)

Title		Ambulance Calls and Ex	Doc. No.	OP019					
Scope		Operational Directorate							
Purpose		To give referral coordinators clear procedures with regards to calling ambulances for patients accessing Primary Care 24 via NHS 111.							
Guidelines		To ensure patients who present to Primary Care 24 who are suffering with Immediate Life Threatening Conditions (ILTCs) are dealt with in accordance to Primary Care 24's policies and procedures in relation to the following: • Patients accepting ambulances • Patients refusing ambulances • Patients wishing to call ambulances for themselves • Patient deteriorating with ILTC symptoms • Patients with Special Patient Notes / Anticipatory Care Plans • Patient's dying wishes (see SOP OP027) To be read in conjunction with 'Comfort Calls' SOP OP216.							
PRO	CEDURE		RESPONSIBILITY						
1	Cases will be passed by the NHS 111 Service into the '111 Cases Awaiting Confirmation' section of Adastra.								
2	If a call is received from NHS 111 stating the patient's symptoms have changed and they fall into the ILTC criteria then the NHS 111 health advisor should be asked if they have re-assessed the patient based on the new symptoms. If the re-assessment has taken place and the call has not needed an ambulance then the new symptoms should be documented on the case and the team leader / shift manager should be informed of the changes. The shift manager / team leader will alert a triaging clinician of the changes in the patient's condition immediately								
	If when calling a patient back to confirm their demographics they disclose that they have a new symptom which may be ILTC in nature, complete ACPP function to determine if an ambulance is required.								



If an ambulance is required and the patient accepts that they need to be seen in A&E but are ADAMANT that they will call the ambulance for themselves, the referral coordinator must continue with the call documenting the patients decision in the comments box on ACPP and select 'No' or 'Refused' to the suggested ambulance. The call will be then passed through to the 'DCA' pool prioritised as an 'Emergency'. The clinician will complete the call in accordance with the recommendations outlined in the RCGP toolkit in relation to safety-netting.

3

If the ambulance is refused the referral coordinator must alert the shift manager who will amend the call, requesting a clinician to safety-net the call in DCA. The call should not be removed from DCA. If the call does not fall into the ILTC criteria but the condition has deteriorated, then the referral coordinator should document the deteriorating symptoms and alert the shift manager or the team leader immediately. The shift manager or team leader will alert a triaging clinician of the changes in the patient's condition immediately.

Primary Care 24 Referral Coordinator / Clinician



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Title		Ambu	lance Ca	Calls and Exceptions to ACPP			Doc. No.	OP019	
Version					V10				
Supersedes					All previous copies				
Approving	y Mana	gers/C	ommittee	!	Head of Service				
Date Ratified					August 2010 (original)				
Department of Originator					Out-of-Hours				
Responsible Executive Director					Director of Service Delivery				
Responsible Manager/Support					Out-of-Hours Service Manager				
Date Issued					August 2010 (original)				
Next Review Date					June 2021				
Target Au	ıdience				IUC SDU				
Version	Date		Control	Rea	son		Accountable Person for this Version		
V1 – V8	Augus 2010 Decei 2015	_	Reviewe	ed an	d updated as required	quired Various			
V9	June	2017	Reviewe	ed an	d updated as required	ed Head of Service			
V10	Augus 2019	st	Reviewe	ed an	d updated as required		Head of Service		
Reference documents					Electronic Locations	Locatio	ations for Hard Copies		
OP027 OP216 Urg				Urg	ent Care 24 Intranet		Standard Operating Procedures File in the Call Centre		
Whilst th	is docu	ument	may be ¡	printe	olled document. ed, the electronic version of printed copies of the d				